STRESS REACTIONS

feelings that come and go or are different from what you expected. Recognizing stress early can help you prevent long-term effects. Remember that stress reactions are **normal**, a sign of humanity, not of weakness. stress. You may experience very strong feelings immediately, or feel little impact. You may also find yourself reacting later, with Stress reactions are highly individual. There is no one "right way" to react to stressful events. Below are some common reactions to

the event	obsessive thoughts about	intrusive sensory data	intrusive memories	nightmares	flashbacks	orientation	loss of time/place	poor abstract thinking	poor problem-solving	surroundings	awareness of	increased or decreased	persons, places, things	trouble identifying familiar	hyper-vigilance	memory problems	poor concentration	hyper- or lower alertness	poor decisions	poor attention	confusion	blaming yourself	blaming others	COCIMILAR	COCNITIVE
	EVALUATION	FOR MEDICAL	* INDICATES NEED					agitation	irritability	intense anger	feeling overwhelmed	apprehension	emotional numbing	depression	loss of emotional control	uncertainty	fear	emotional block	severe panic	denial	grief	guilt	anxiety	EMOLIONAL	コラインコイング イエ
								"checking"	repetitive behaviors	erratic movement	pacing	antisocial acts	inability to rest	increase alcohol / drug use	loss / increase appetite	of communication	change in usual patterns	startle reaction	change in sexual function	change in relating to others	isolation	change in speech	change in daily routine	BEHAVIORAL	A T CE CALA T AACREE
			rapid heart rate	complaints	nonspecific bodily	fainting*	chills	profuse sweating	dizziness	weakness	grinding of teeth	vomiting	visual problems	headaches	thirst	elevated BP	difficulty breathing*	chest pain*	trouble with coordination	tremors	twitches	nausea	fatigue	PHYSICAL	